Particle model - 2021/20 GCSE Gateway Chemistry A

1. Nov/2020/Paper_J248/03/No.7

The charge on an electron is -1.6×10^{-19} C.

What is the charge on a proton?

- **A** -1.6×10^{19} C
- **B** -1.6×10^{-19} C
- **C** 1.6×10^{-19} C
- **D** 1.6×10^{19} C

Your answer [1]

2. Nov/2021/Paper_J248/03/No.1

Which statement about the subatomic particles in an atom is correct?

- A Electrons have a relative mass of one.
- B Neutrons and electrons are both found in the nucleus.
- C Neutrons have a positive charge.
- **D** Protons have a relative mass of one.

Your answer [1]

3. Nov/2021/Paper_J248/01/No.1

Which of these particles has a positive charge?

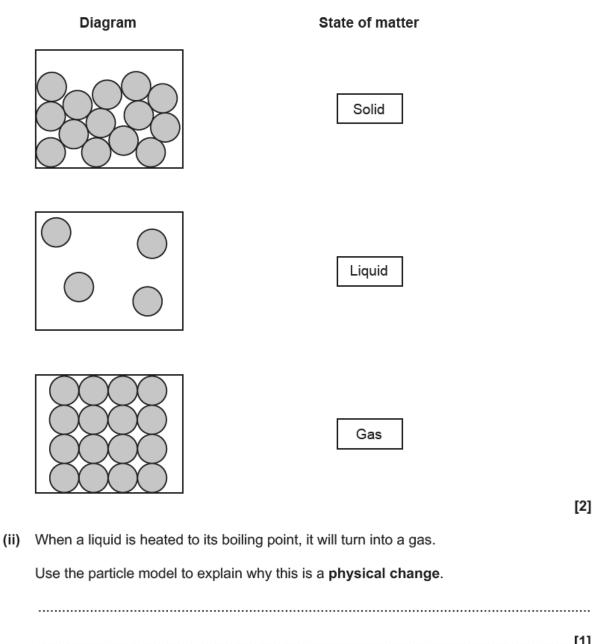
- A Atom
- **B** Electron
- C Neutron
- **D** Proton

Your answer [1]

4. Nov/2020/Paper_J248/01/No.16(a)

The particle model shows how particles are arranged and how they move in the three states of matter.

(a) (i) Draw a line to match each diagram with the correct state of matter.



5.	Nov	/2021	/Paper	J248	/03	/No.18	b

(b) A student investigates the reaction of magnesium carbonate with dilute hydrochloric acid. Look at the equation for the reaction.

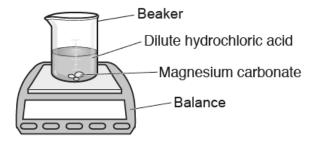
$$MgCO_3(s) + 2HCl(aq) \rightarrow MgCl_2(aq) + CO_2(g) + H_2O(I)$$

Describe the **movement** of the magnesium carbonate particles used in this reaction.

Use ideas about the particle model in your answer.

.....[2]

(c) The student sets the experiment up on a balance as shown in the diagram.



(i) Explain why the mass on the balance decreases as the reaction occurs.

Use ideas about the particle model in your answer.

[2]

(ii) The particle model is not a perfect representation of the three states of matter.

Describe two limitations of the particle model.

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