

Correlation – 2022 GCE Statistics Further Math A Y542**1. June/2022/Paper_ Y542/01/No.2**

The directors of a large company believe that there are more computer failures in the Head Office when temperatures are higher. They obtain data for the Head Office for the maximum temperature, $T^{\circ}\text{C}$, and the number of computer failures, X , on each of 12 randomly chosen days.

(a) State which of the following words can be applied to T .

Dependent Independent Controlled Response [1]

The data is summarised as follows.

$$n = 12 \quad \sum t = 261 \quad \sum x = 41 \quad \sum t^2 = 5869 \quad \sum x^2 = 311 \quad \sum tx = 1021$$

(b) Calculate the value of the product moment correlation coefficient r . [2]

(c) The directors wish to investigate their belief using a significance test at the 1% level.

(i) Explain why a 1-tail test is appropriate in this situation. [1]

(ii) Carry out the test. [6]

(d) One of the directors prefers the temperatures to be given in Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$), rather than Centigrade ($^{\circ}\text{C}$). The relationship between F and C is $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$.

State the value of r that would result from using temperatures in Fahrenheit in the calculation.

[1]